Hindcasting Winds, Waves, and Storm Surge for Hurricane Rita

J.C. Dietrich, J.J. Westerink, J. Westerink; University of Notre Dame

J. Atkinson; Ayres Associates

S. Bunya; University of Tokyo

J. Smith, R. Jensen; USACE ERDC

V.J. Cardone, A. Cox; Oceanweather Inc.

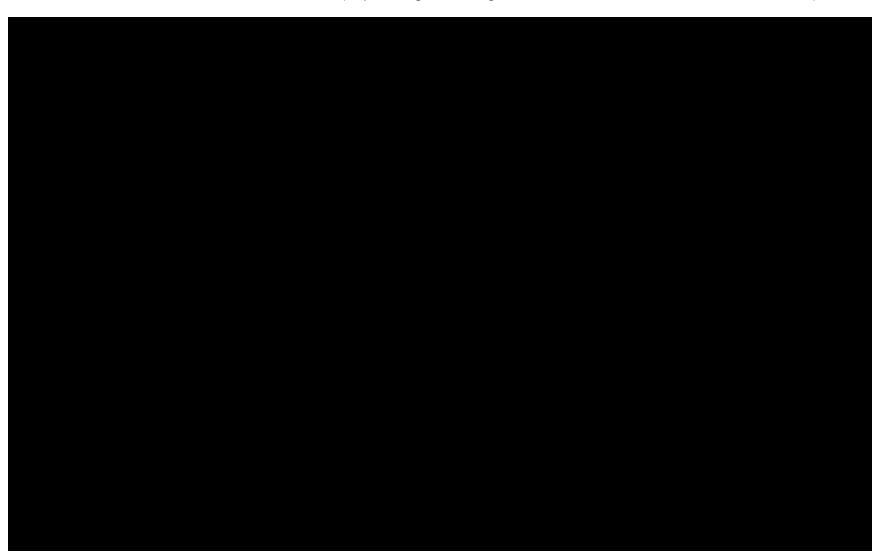
R. Luettich; University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

C. Dawson; University of Texas at Austin

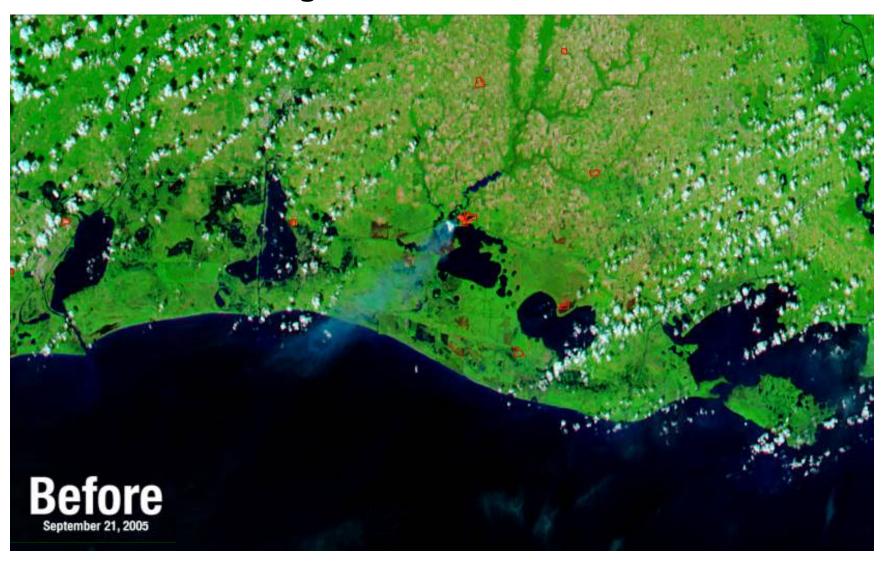
Quick Facts (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hurricane_Rita)

- Maximum winds: 175 mph (78 m/s)
- Fourth-most intense Atlantic hurricane (897 mbar)
 - Most intense: Wilma 2005 (882 mbar)
 - Sixth-most intense: Katrina 2005 (902 mbar)
- Landfall: 0740 UTC 24 September 2005
 - Earliest 17th named storm

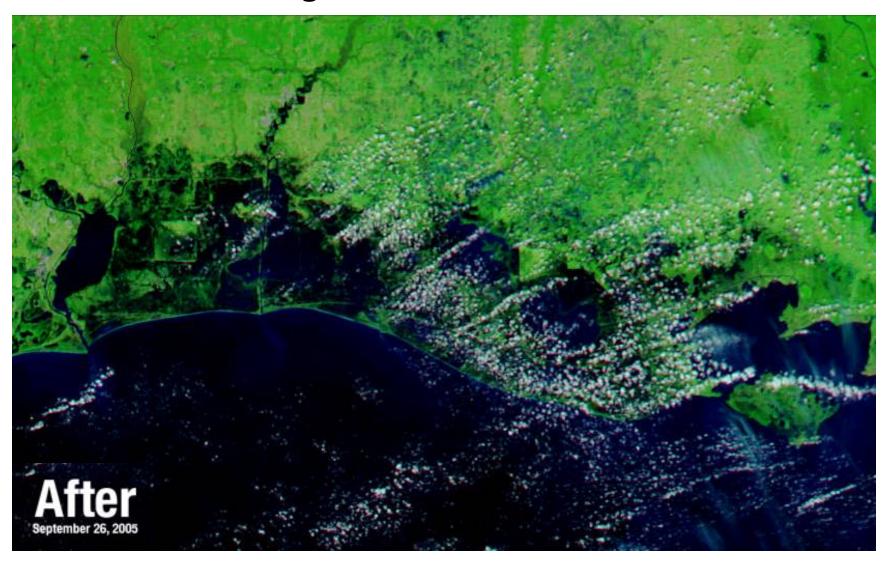
NASA Satellite Movie (http://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/vis/a000000/a003200/a003265/index.html)

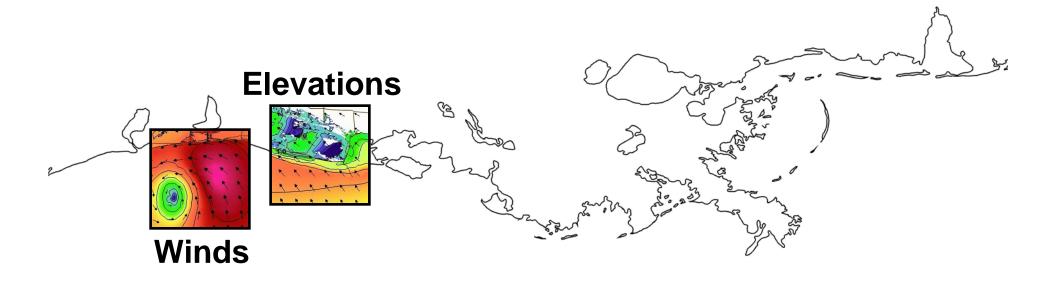


NASA Satellite Image (http://www.nasa.gov/vision/earth/lookingatearth/h2005_rita.html)

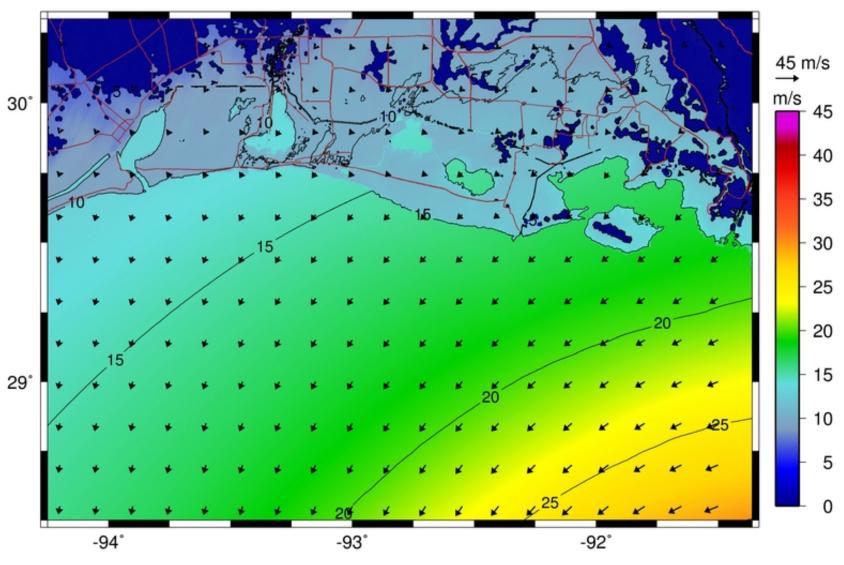


NASA Satellite Image (http://www.nasa.gov/vision/earth/lookingatearth/h2005_rita.html)



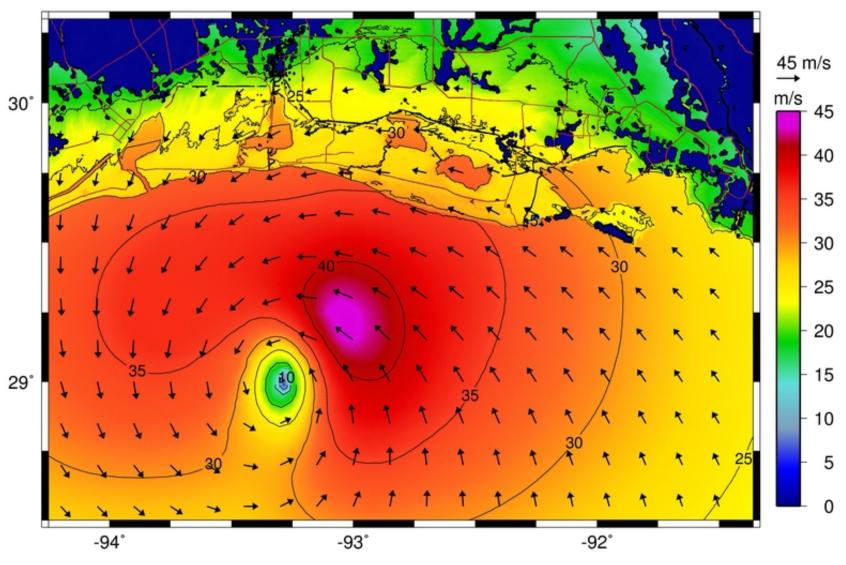


Winds – 1200 UTC 23 September 2005



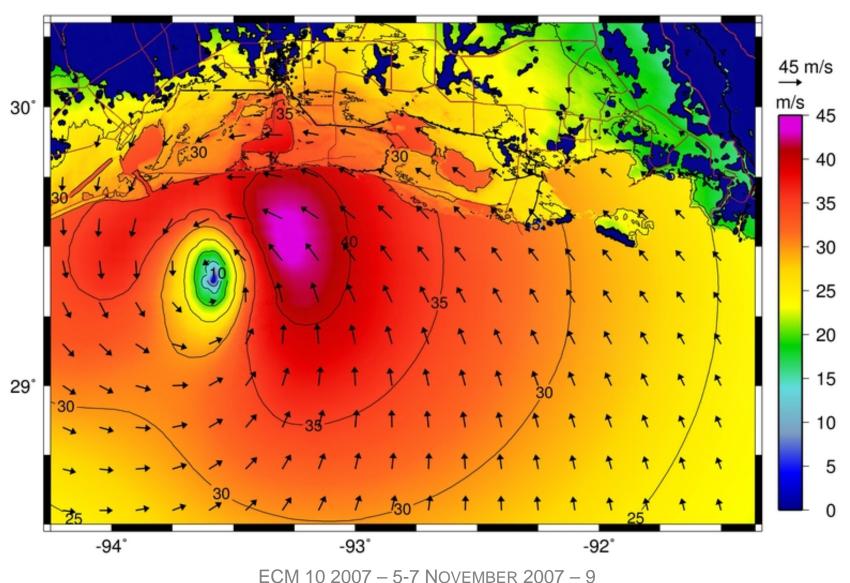
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 7

Winds – 0300 UTC 24 September 2005

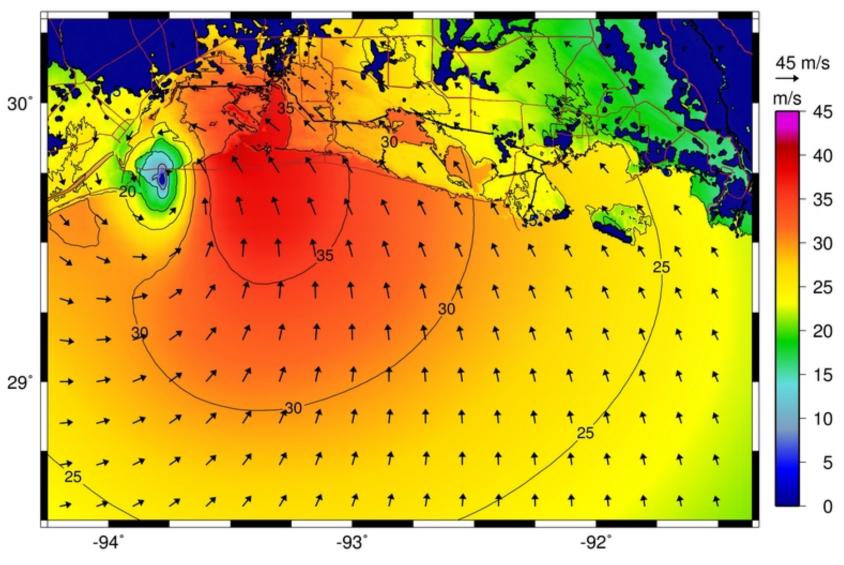


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 8

Winds – 0600 UTC 24 September 2005

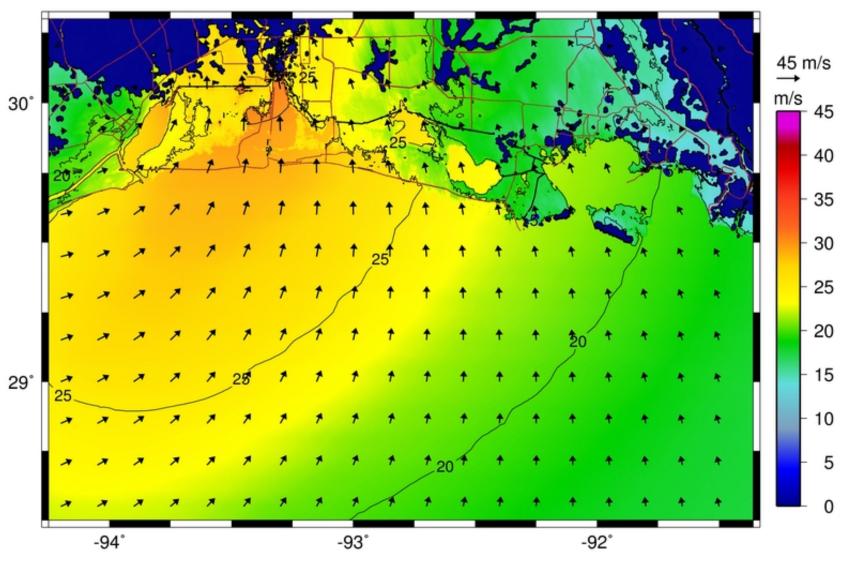


Winds – 0800 UTC 24 September 2005



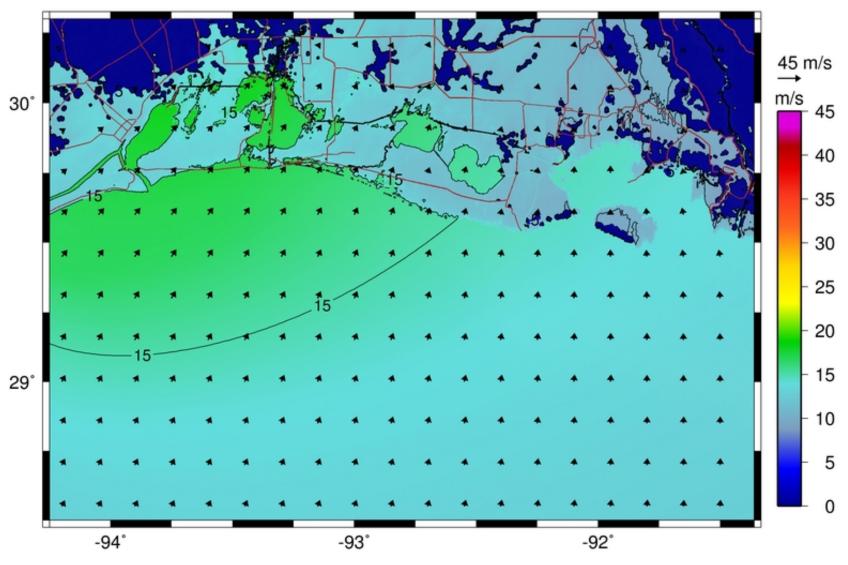
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 10

Winds – 1100 UTC 24 September 2005



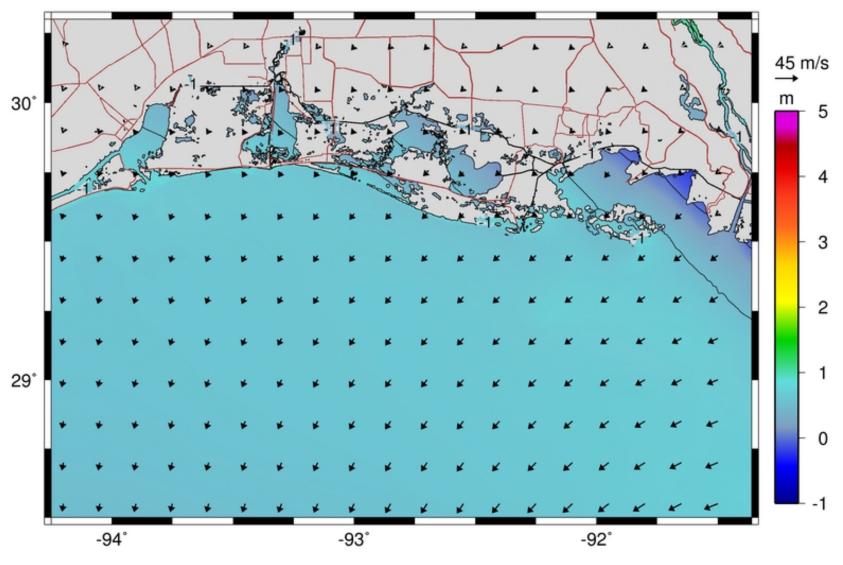
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 11

Winds – 2100 UTC 24 September 2005

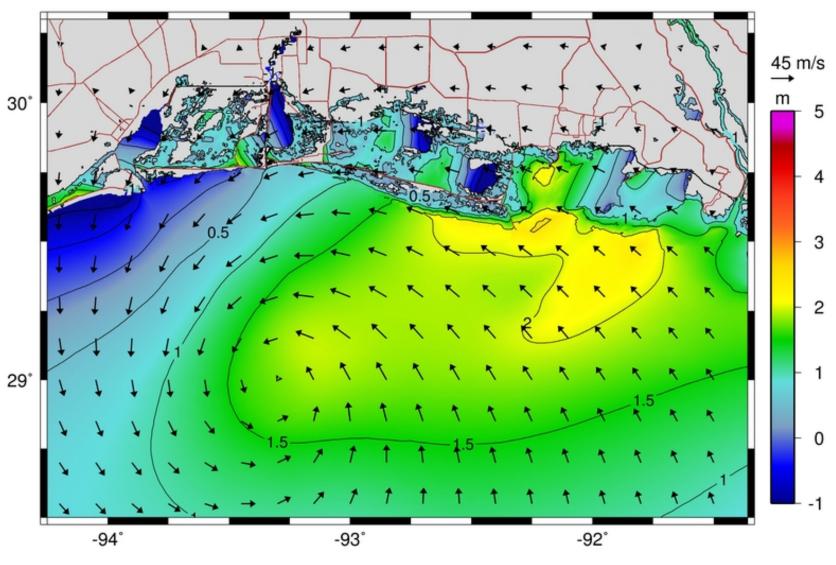


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 12

Elevations – 1200 UTC 23 September 2005

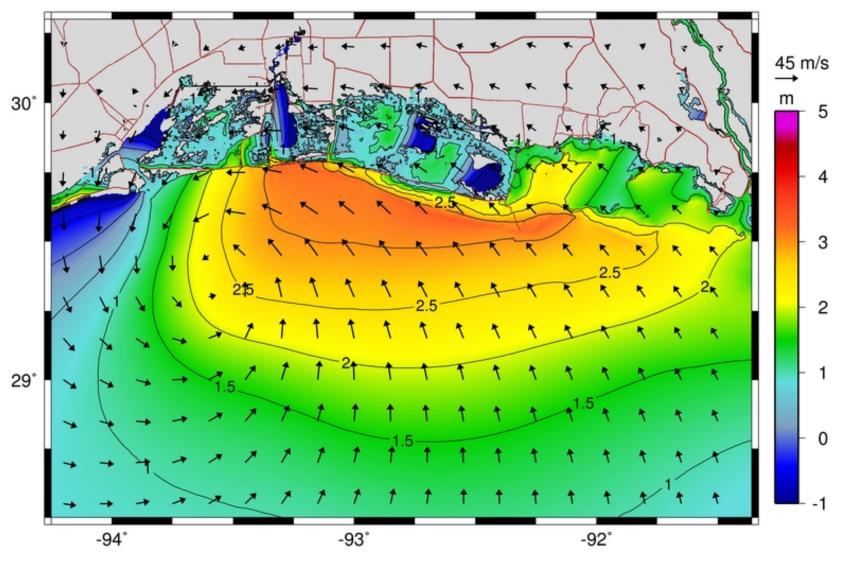


Elevations – 0300 UTC 24 September 2005



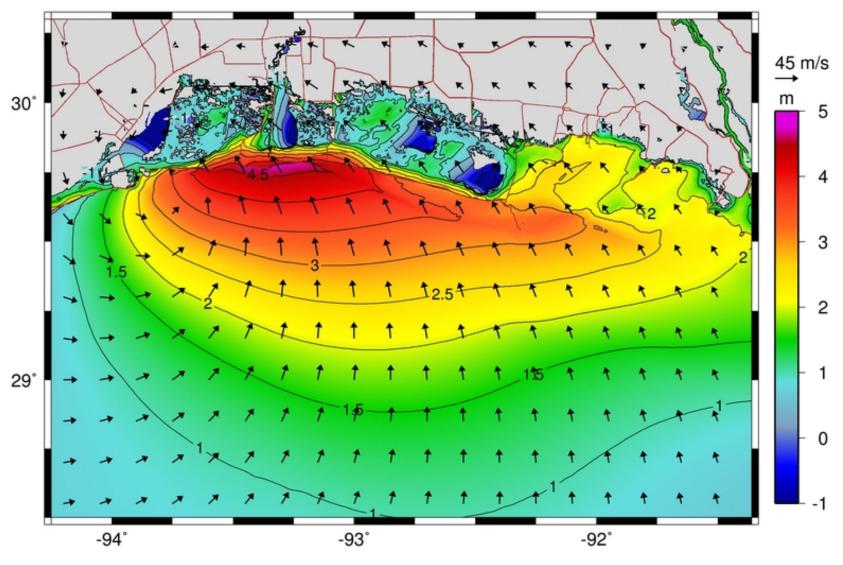
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 14

Elevations – 0600 UTC 24 September 2005



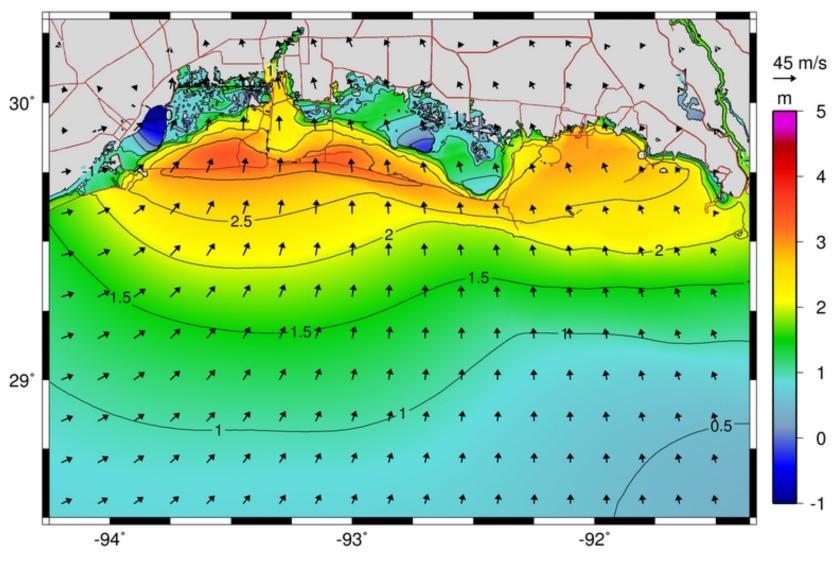
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 15

Elevations – 0800 UTC 24 September 2005



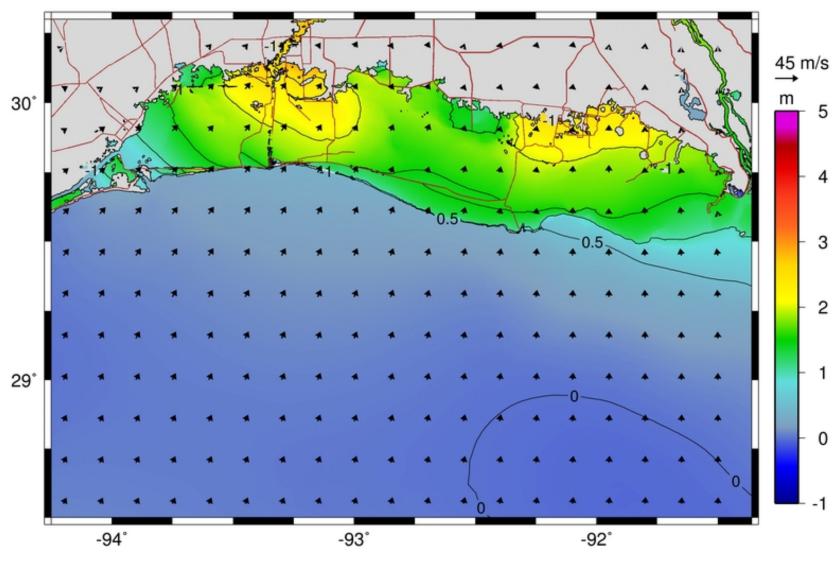
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 16

Elevations – 1100 UTC 24 September 2005

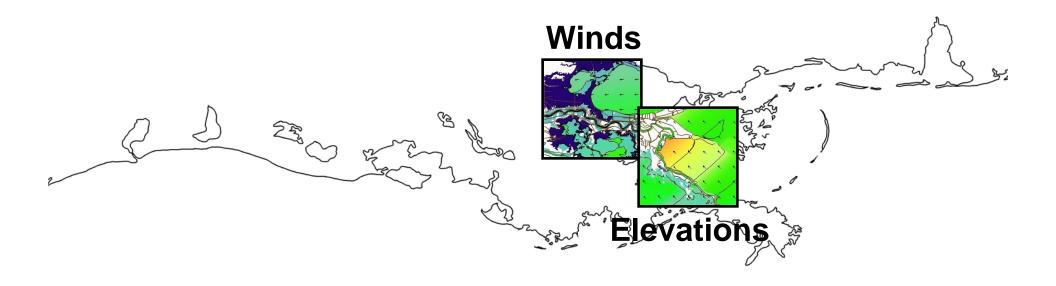


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 17

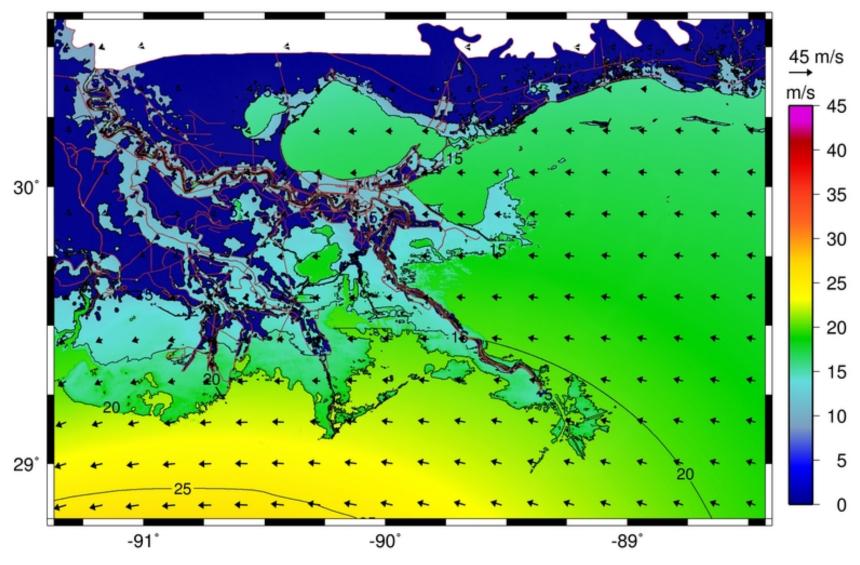
Elevations – 2100 UTC 24 September 2005



ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 18

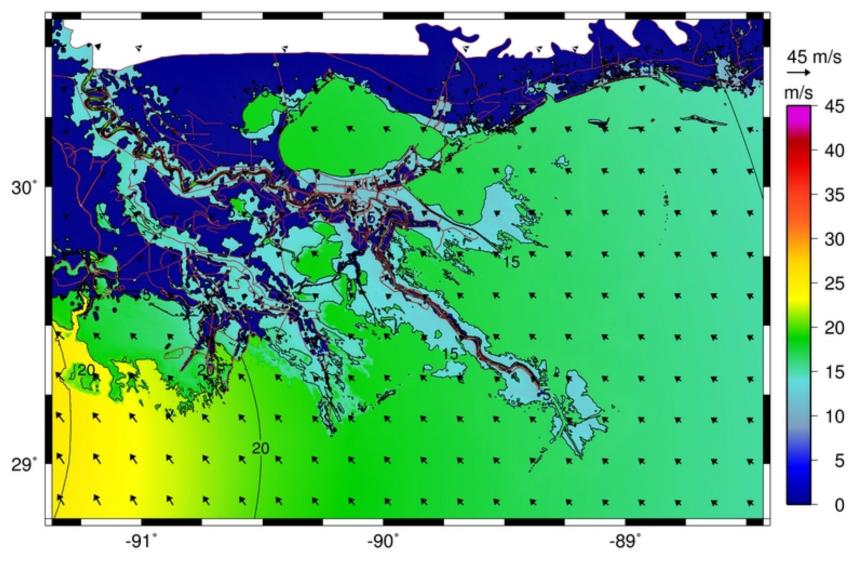


Winds – 1200 UTC 23 September 2005



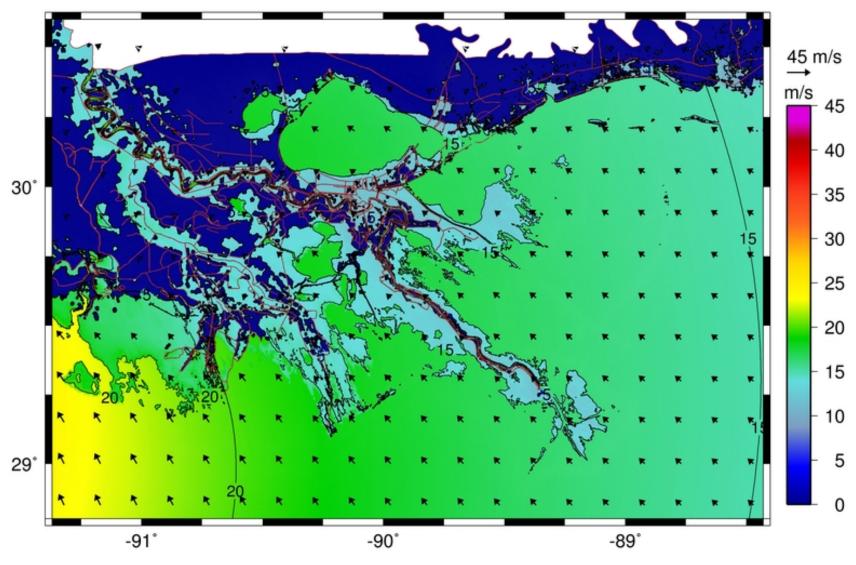
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 20

Winds – 0300 UTC 24 September 2005



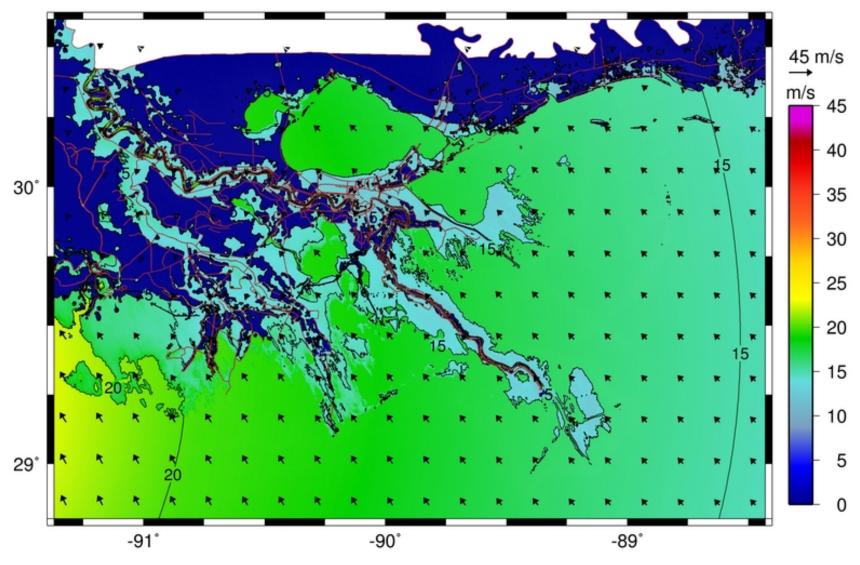
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 21

Winds – 0600 UTC 24 September 2005



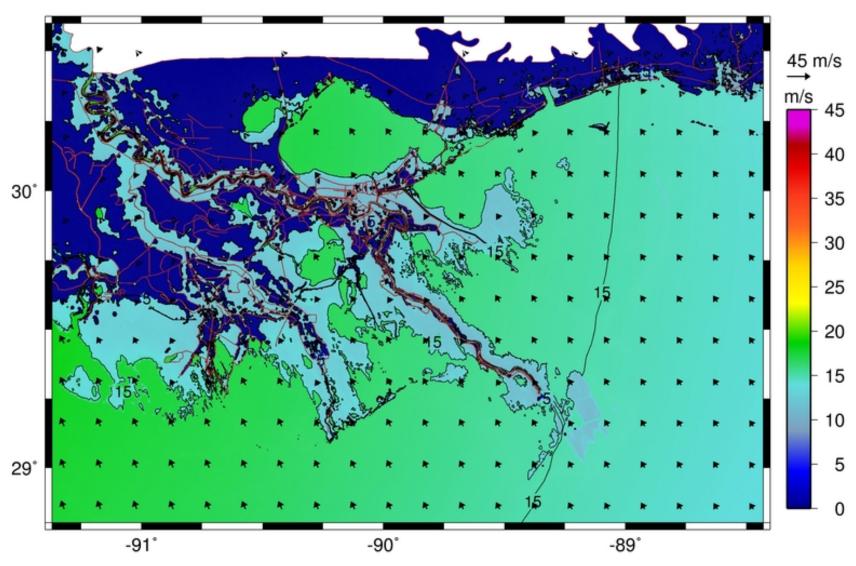
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 22

Winds – 0800 UTC 24 September 2005



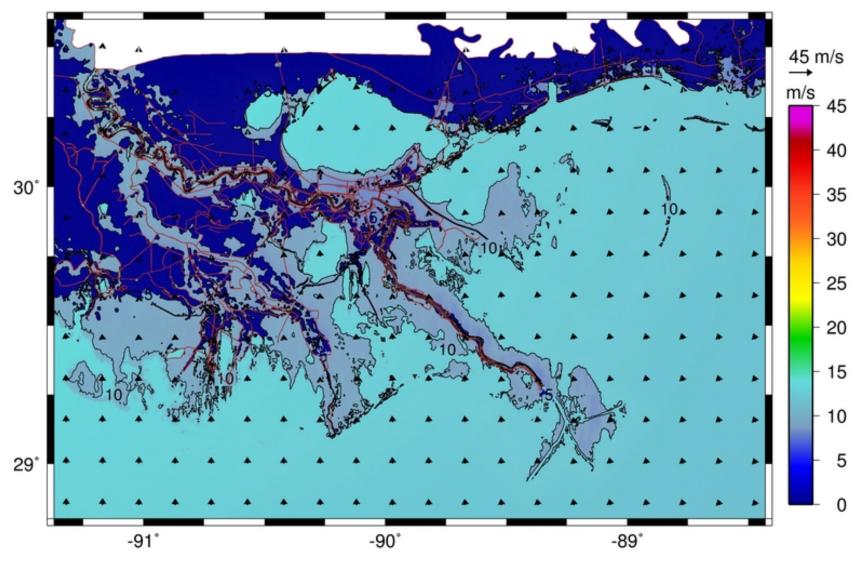
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 23

Winds – 1100 UTC 24 September 2005



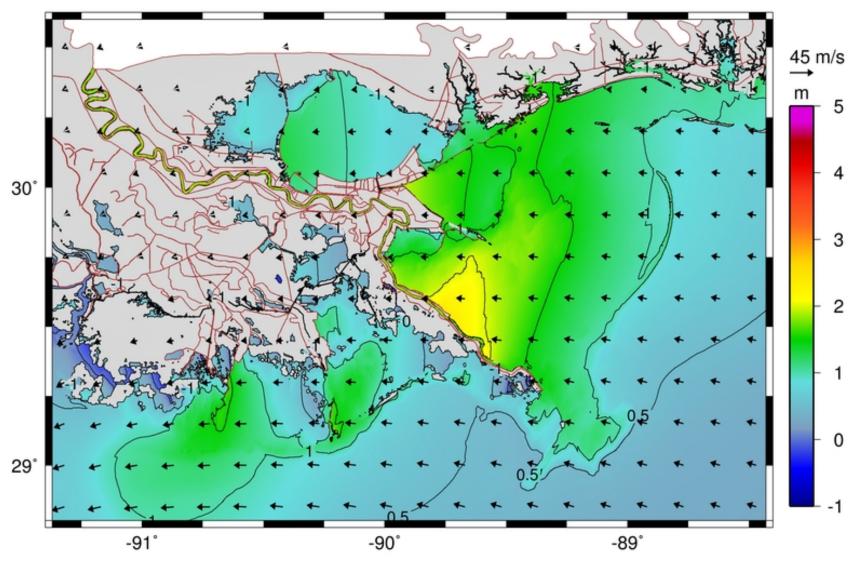
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 24

Winds – 2100 UTC 24 September 2005



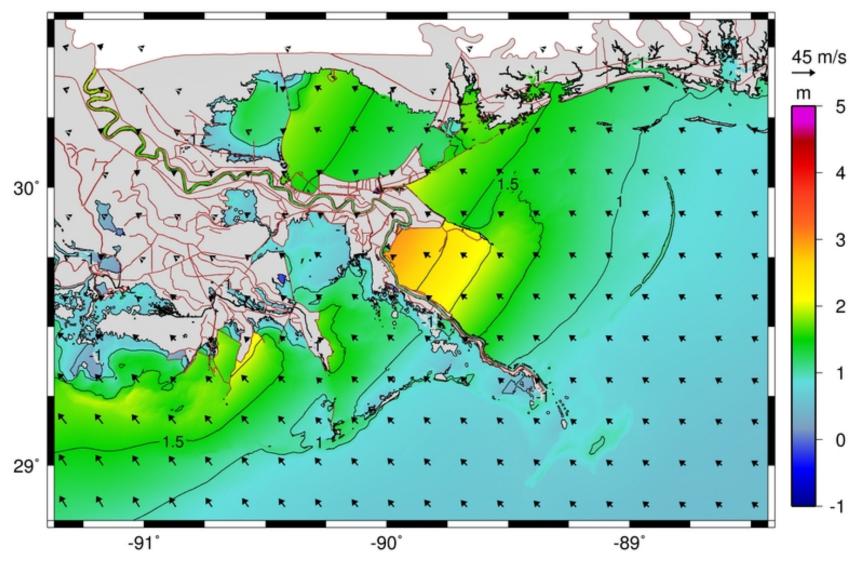
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 25

Elevations – 1200 UTC 23 September 2005



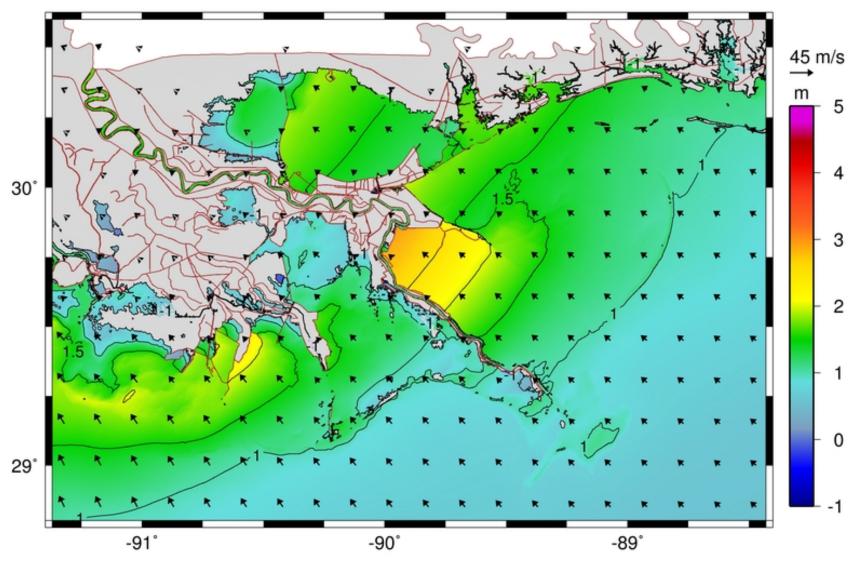
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 26

Elevations – 0300 UTC 24 September 2005



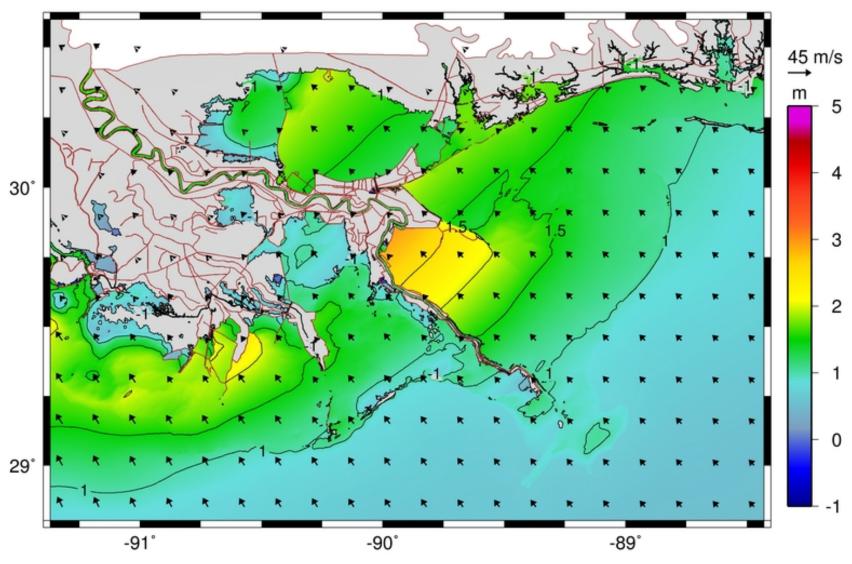
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 27

Elevations – 0600 UTC 24 September 2005



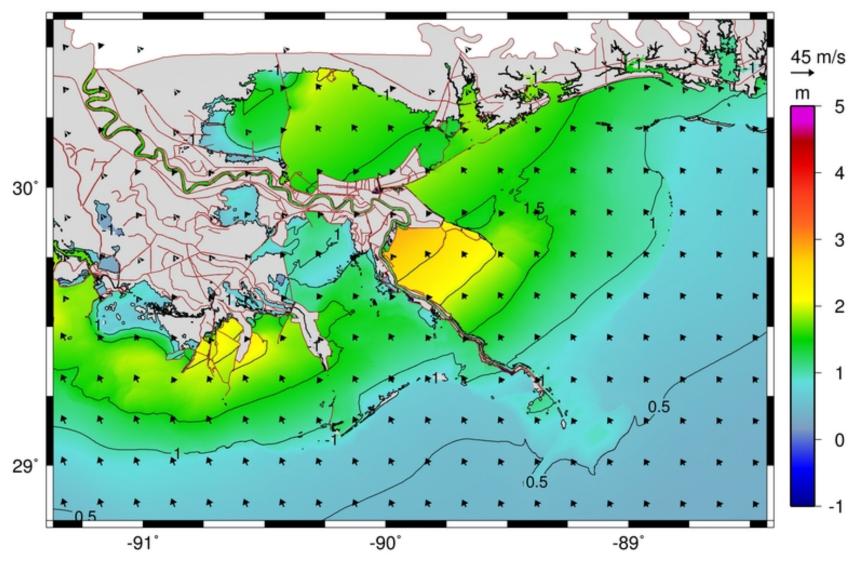
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 28

Elevations – 0800 UTC 24 September 2005



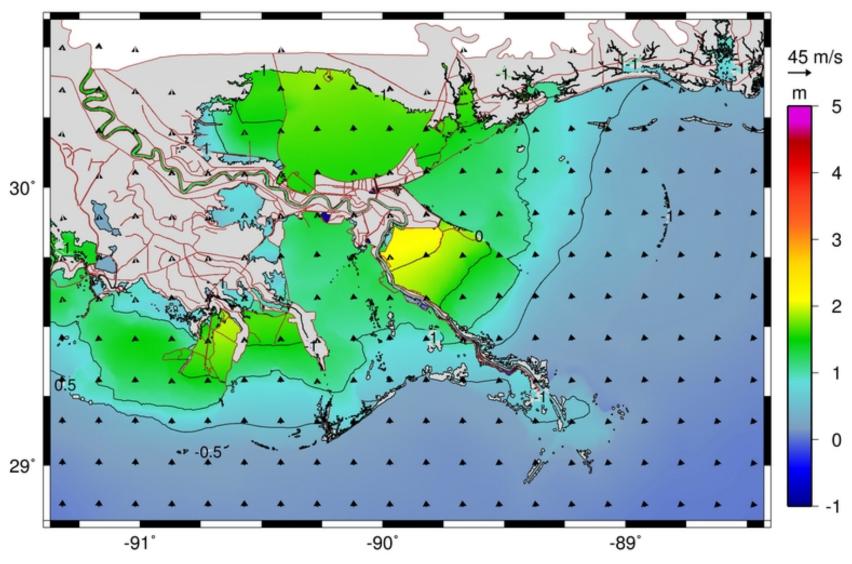
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 29

Elevations – 1100 UTC 24 September 2005

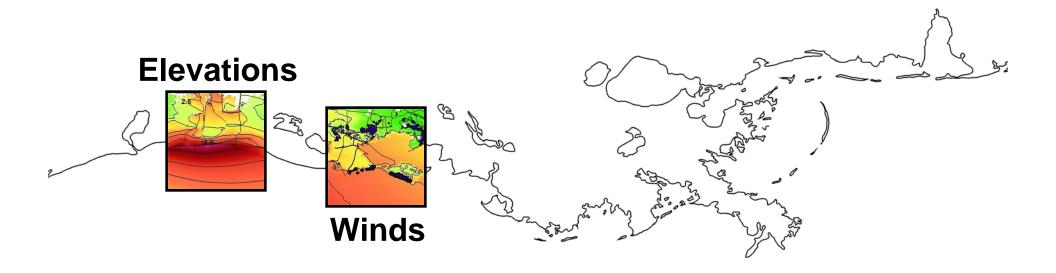


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 30

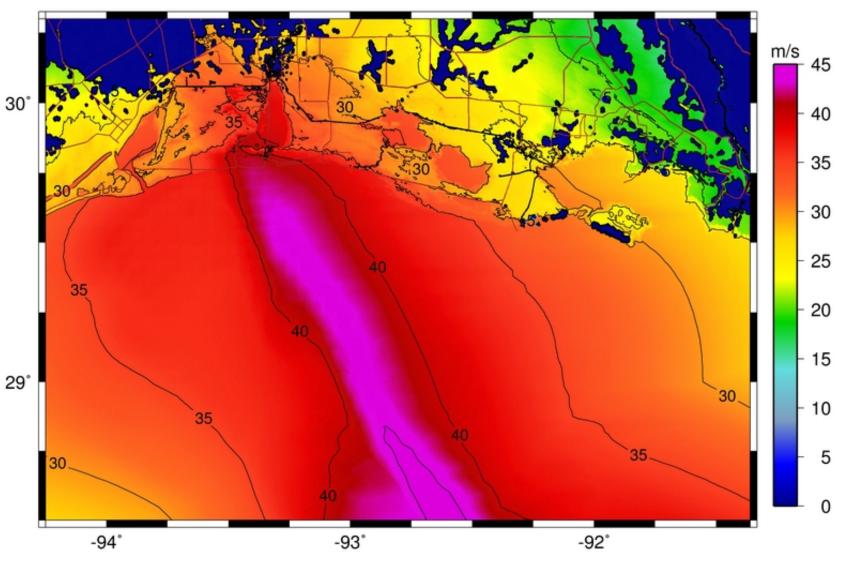
Elevations – 2100 UTC 24 September 2005



ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 31

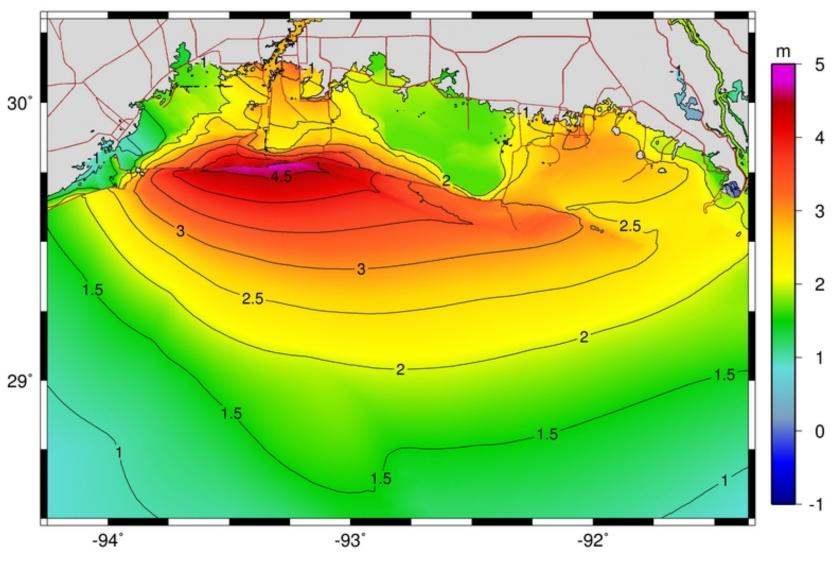


Maximum Winds



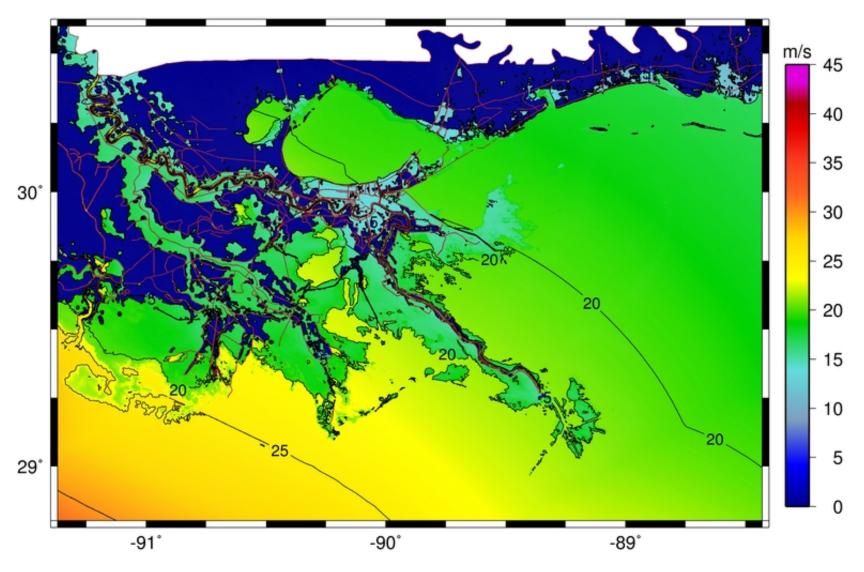
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 33

Maximum Elevations



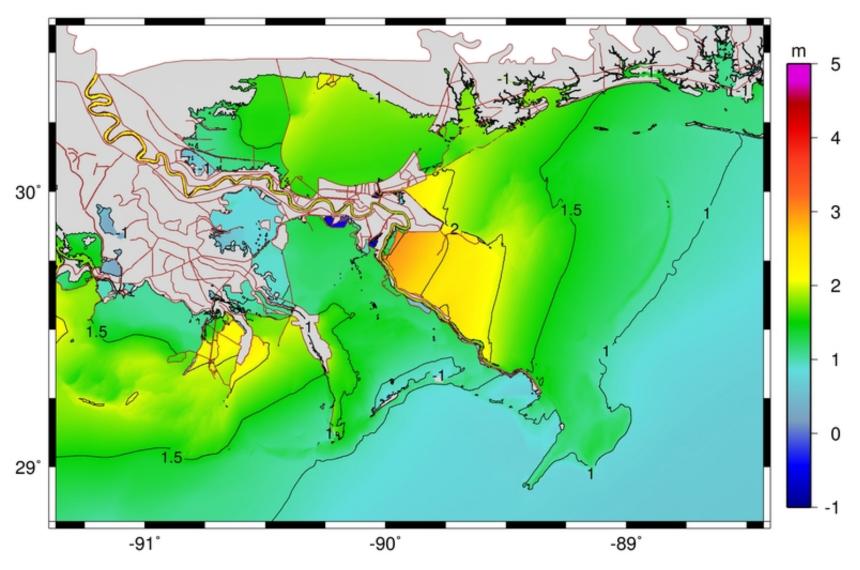
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 34

Maximum Winds

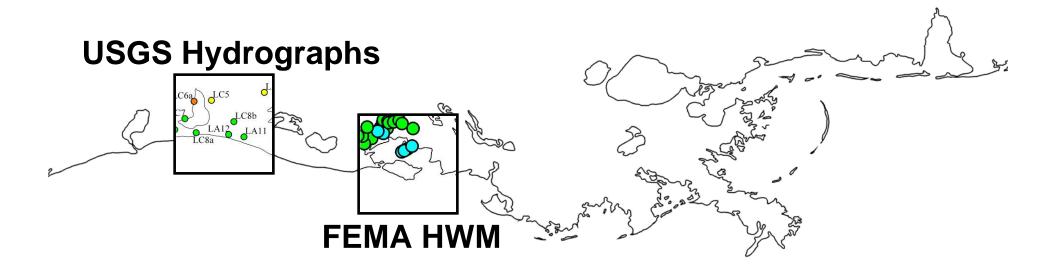


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 35

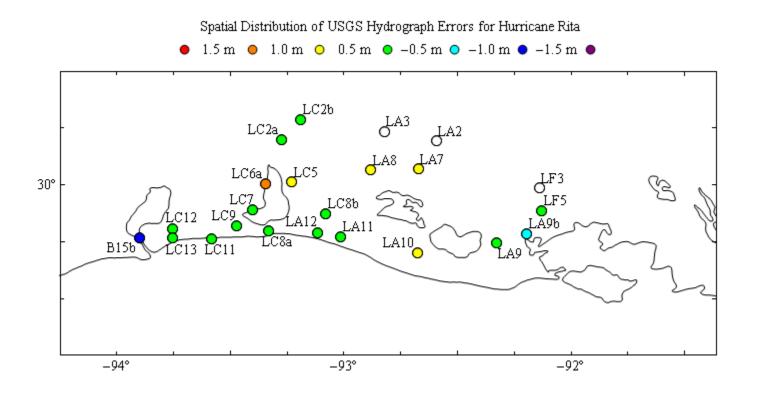
Maximum Elevations



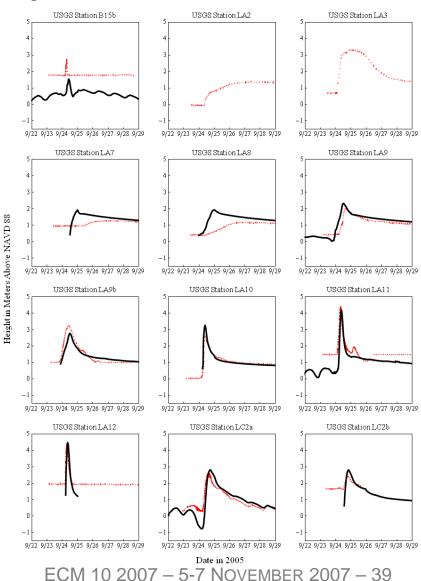
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 36



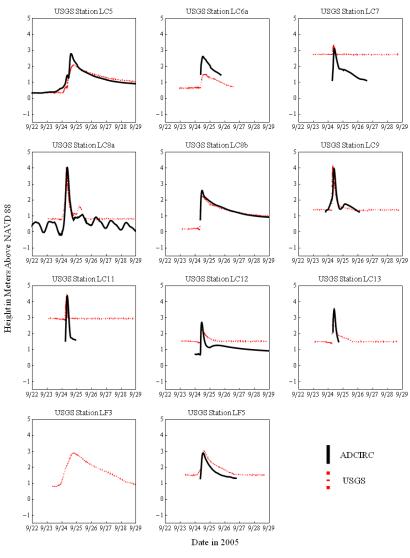
USGS Hydrographs



USGS Hydrographs

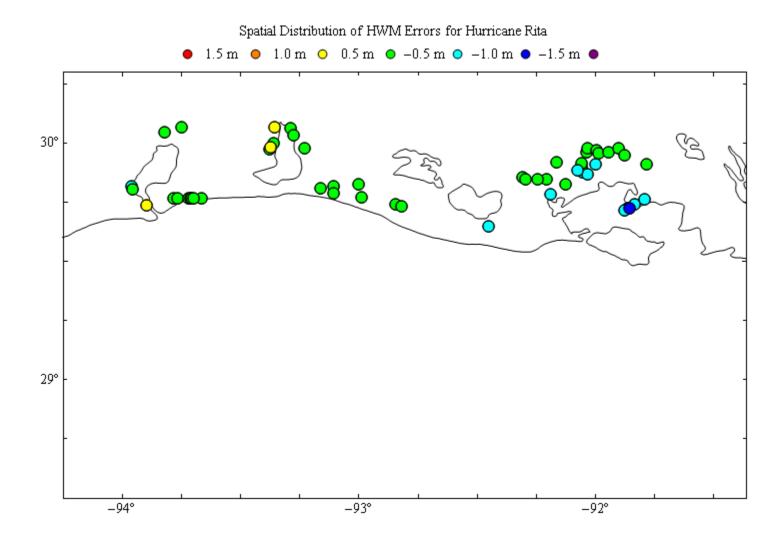


USGS Hydrographs

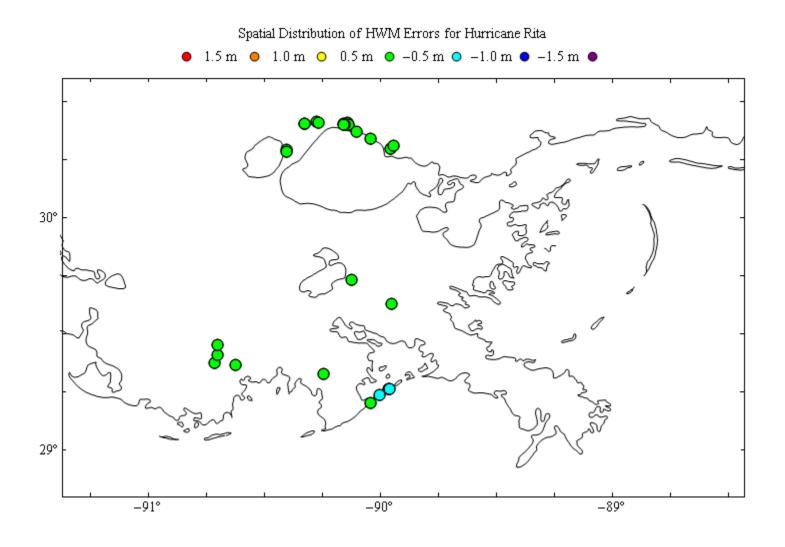


ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 40

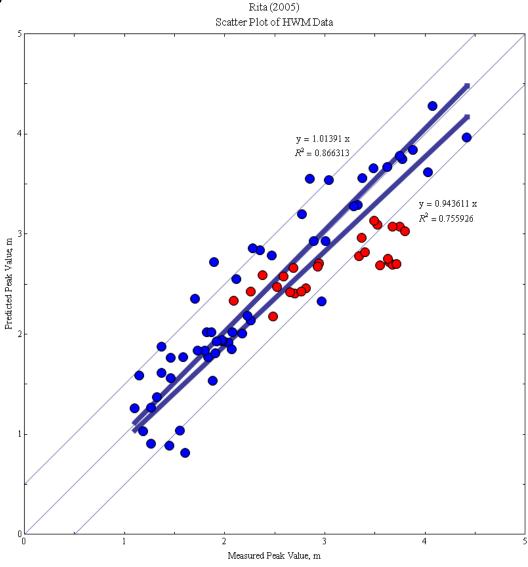
FEMA High Water Marks



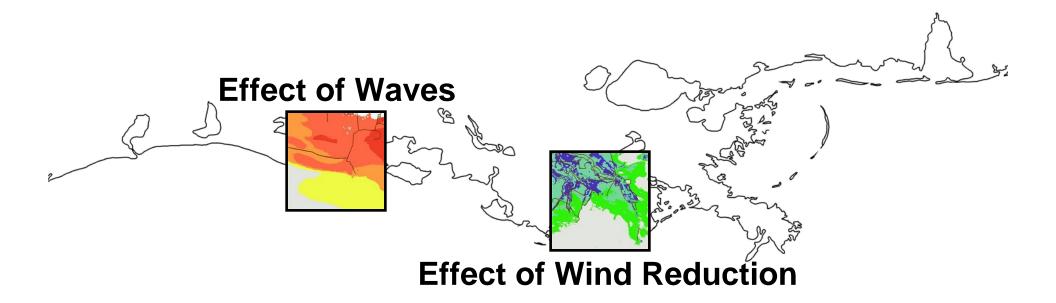
FEMA High Water Marks



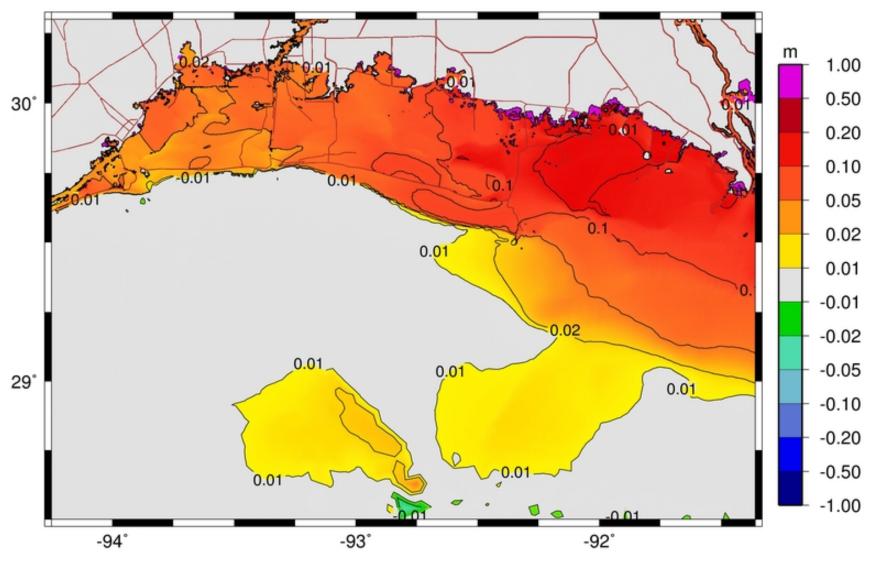
FEMA High Water Marks



ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 43

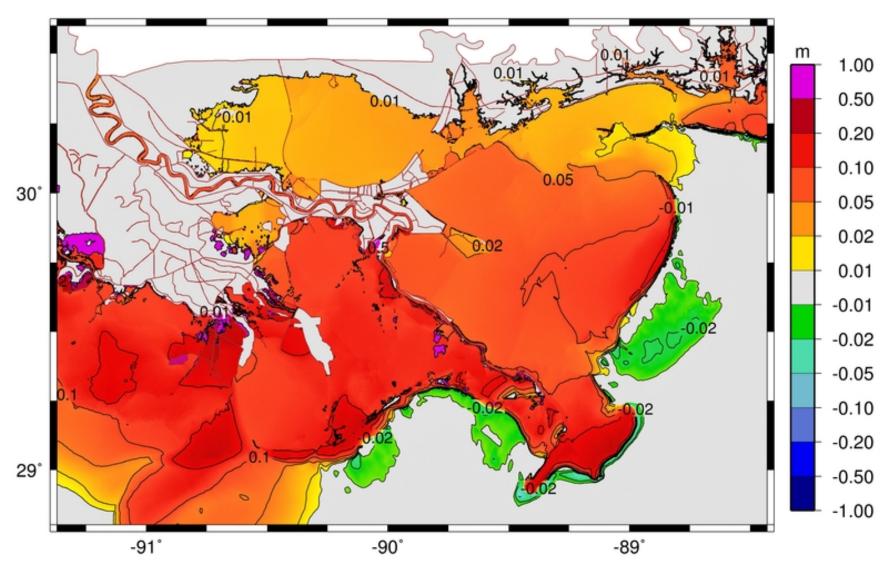


Effect of Waves – Maximum Elevations



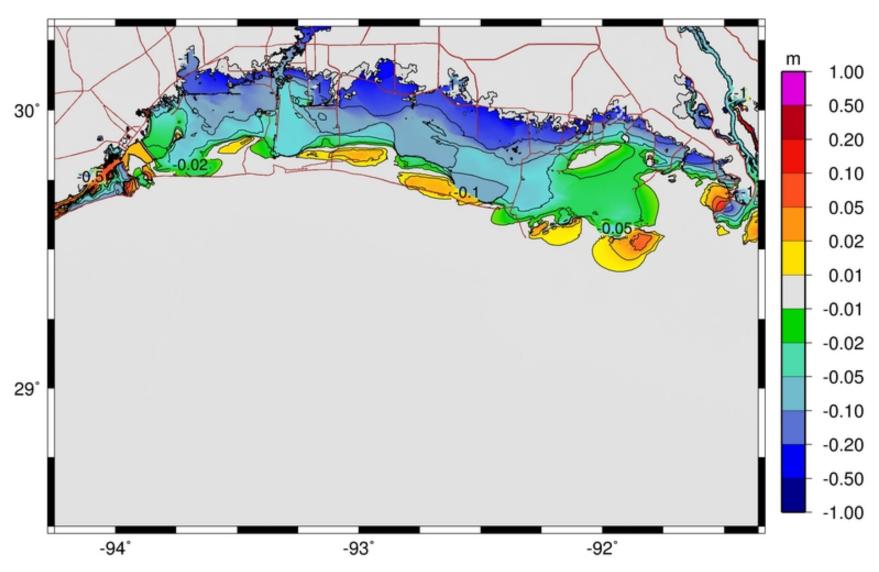
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 45

Effect of Waves – Maximum Elevations



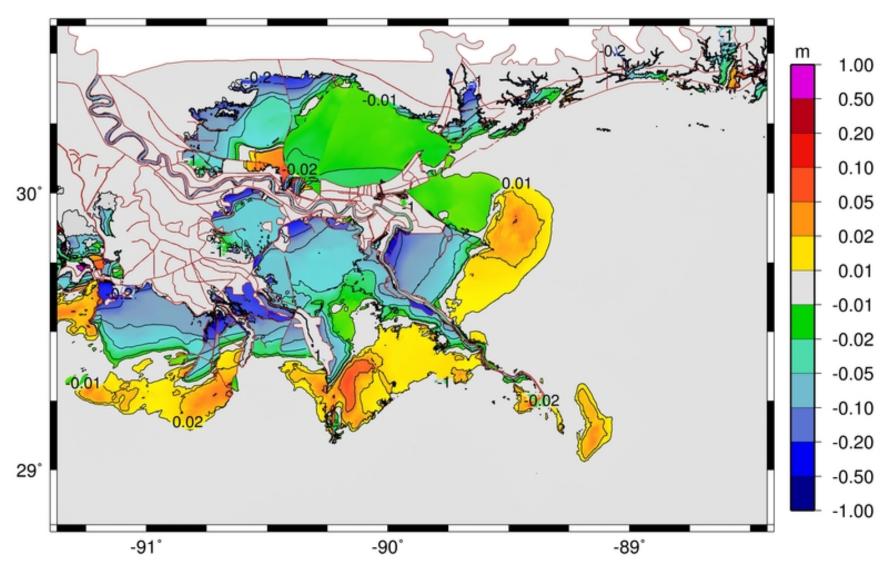
ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 46

Effect of Wind Reduction – Maximum Elevations



ECM 10 2007 - 5-7 NOVEMBER 2007 - 47

Effect of Wind Reduction – Maximum Elevations



Conclusions

SW Louisiana:

- Winds blew along or away from the shore in the early stages of the storm
- Only when the winds were directed toward shore did significant surge build against the coast
- Surge then spilled inland

SE Louisiana:

 Consistent winds pushed water onto the shelf and against levees along the Mississippi River delta

Contours of Maxima:

- Wind speeds reach maximum of 45 m/s
- Elevations peaked at 5 m along shoreline south of Calcasieu Lake, and 3 m near New Orleans

Conclusions

Validation:

- Current model provides a good representation of the quantitative and qualitative behavior of Hurricane Rita
- More resolution is needed in some areas

Perturbations:

- Waves add 10-20 cm along much of the coastline
- Directional wind reduction prevents surge from flowing as far inland

